Hopper Loaders

Filters for Central Vacuum Systems Filters for Raw Material Conveyors

User Manual









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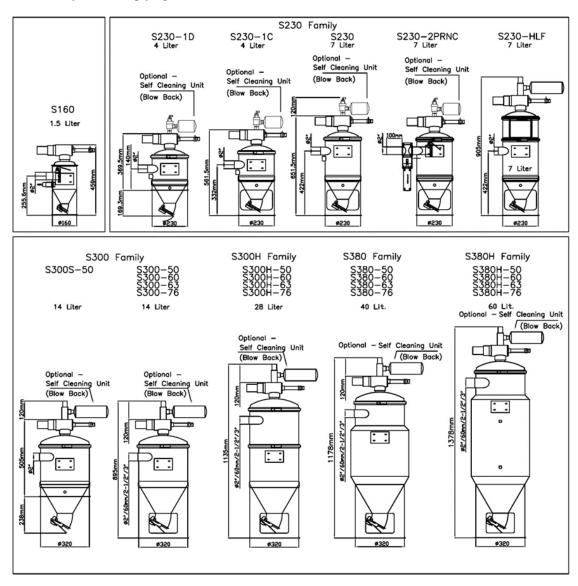
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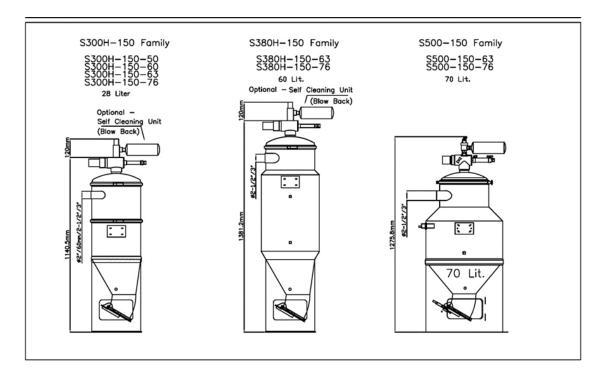
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1. Introduction

The Sysmetric S-series hopper loaders are intended for use in central vacuum conveying applications. Standard models include both models for pellets and models for powders. The S-series loaders receive their vacuum from a central vacuum system and are equipped with a pneumatic vacuum valve to control air flow. All of the models are designed to work with standard vacuum pumps used in industry. The hopper loaders designed to work with pellets can be equipped with automatic filter cleaning. A vacuum cut off valve aids easy loader emptying.





S-Series Main Models

1.1 Features:

- Loader body made of 304 polished stainless steel.
- Easily removable clamp for easy loader opening for cleaning.
- Automatic cleaning (standard in powder loaders, optional in granule loaders)
- Capacitive proximity switch determines when the loader is full.
- Loading is initiated by a magnetic Reed switch, which senses the bottom flap.
- Non-return flap at the material inlet facilitates conveying from shared material lines.
- Standard 6 pin plug connects the loader to the control system.
- Grid filter for pellet loaders.
- Cloth filters for powder loaders.
- Vacuum cut off valve.
- Optional automatic cleaning for pellet loaders operated by vacuum valve timing, without the need for dedicated control.
- Complies with the CE safety standard, EMC, low voltage.

1.2 About This Manual

A central vacuum conveying system contains at least three major components:

- 1. Vacuum pump (or pumps) and central filter.
- 2. Hopper loaders (also called vacuum receivers).
- 3. Control system.

Any description of the workings of the loader depends on the control system. Therefore the sections about the loading cycle, about the On/Off switch and about troubleshooting assume that a Sysmetric control systems is being used, or a system that implements similar logic.

2. Safety Instructions

2.1 Loaders

- Secure the loader to the hopper below.
- Do not use a damaged pneumatic system.
- Do not use the loader if the blow-back tank is damaged.
- Use clean, dry air with pressure of 6-8 bars (85-115psi).
- Properly connect the loader to the control unit. The proximity switch is a standard 30 mm, 24VDC, NPN type.

2.2 Automatic Filter

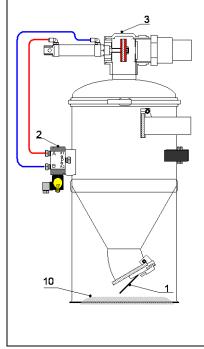
- Secure and fasten the filter base.
- Install the vacuum pump as close as possible to the automatic filter.
- Secure the vacuum pump.
- Use clean, dry air with pressure of 6-8 bars (85-115psi).

3. Hopper Loaders

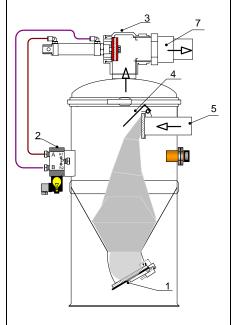
3.1 Principle of Operation

The **loading cycle** starts when the raw material level in the hopper chamber (10) drops below the bottom flap (1) which returns to its level state. The magnet attached to the bottom flap activates the Reed switch. The Reed switch relays to the controller that the loader is empty and is awaiting refilling. The controller places the loader into the "filling queue". When the loader is at the top of the queue the controller sends an electric pulse to the pneumatic valve (2) to open the vacuum cut off valve (3) and create a vacuum in the loader chamber.

Note: In loaders equipped with automatic cleaning, the automatic filter cleaning process is carried out with each opening of the vacuum cut off valve.

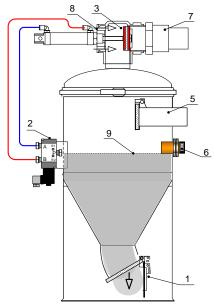


Loading is carried out after the pneumatic valve (2) moves the vacuum cut off valve (3) to the loading position. The vacuum in the pipe (7) causes a vacuum in the loader chamber which causes the bottom flap (1) to close. The one-way valve (4) opens and raw material is sucked into the loader via the material feed pipe (5).



Emptying is carried out when the level of the raw material is higher than the "loader full" proximity sensor (6). The proximity sensor tells the controller that the loader is full. The controller closes the vacuum cut off valve (3) (emptying position). The vacuum pipe (7) is sealed, the air vents (8) open and air is sucked into the loader chamber. The weight of the raw material opens the bottom flap (1) and the raw material flows out.

Note: It is possible to operate the system by predetermined fixed cycle times. In this case the operation of the loader is independent of the proximity switch and the level of the material is in accordance with the planned loading time.



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3.2 Loader Parts

3.2.1 The "Loader Full" Proximity Switch

Each hopper loader is fitted with a "Loader Full" proximity switch whose role is to stop loading when it is covered by raw material thus indicating that the loader is full. The sensor has a small LED indicator on the rear which indicates when the sensor senses material. The sensor sensitivity can be tuned by turning the screw on the rear.

A faulty or badly adjusted sensor will cause the system problems.

An under-sensitive sensor will not detect material in the hopper loader. In this case the controller will load for a pre-determined period of time; the default time is 30 seconds.

In the case of an over-sensitive sensor, the sensor constantly senses material and the system will stop working within 10 seconds.

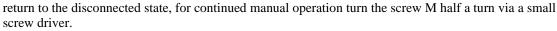
For details on adjusting the sensor sensitivity see chapter 6.3.1.

3.2.2 Pneumatic Valve

The vacuum and conveying system uses 5X2 1/8 24VDC air valves. When the valve is disconnected (figure 1) air pressure enters via the inlet P and exits via the outlet A.

When the solenoid is operated (figure 2) the air pressure enters via the inlet P and exits via the outlet B. R1 and R2 are air vents for pressure release.

To manually operate the valve press the screw M (figure 3), upon releasing the screw the valve will





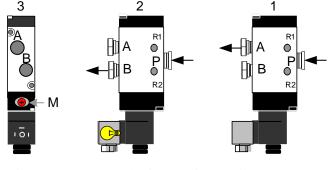
Possible faults: The loader is at "loading" state, the valve is not operating, the LED is turned off, air pressure is normal and the system works manually – check for possible electrical faults.

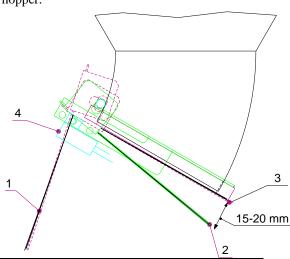
3.2.3 Bottom Flap

The bottom flap has two roles: closing the hopper chamber thus allowing vacuum build up during loading, informing the controller that there is no raw material in the hopper.

The bottom flap regulates material flow from the loader. A magnet on the flap and a magnetic Reed switch (4) provide the "demand service" signal to the control unit. The flap has three positions: open, level and closed.

When the loader is not working and is full with material, the material keeps the flap in the open position (1). When the flap is in the open position, the magnetic switch is open. When the loader becomes empty, and the flap is free to move, it moves into the level position (2). In the level position, the magnet is near the magnetic switch and the switch is closed. This signals to the control unit that the loader requires service. When the loader is working, the vacuum pulls the flap to the closed position (3), in which it





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seals the material exit, so that air will flow only from the material inlet pipe. At this position, the magnetic switch is also closed. Since the loader is working, the control unit ignores the status of the switch, but the switch is designed to be closed for compatibility with 3rd party control units.

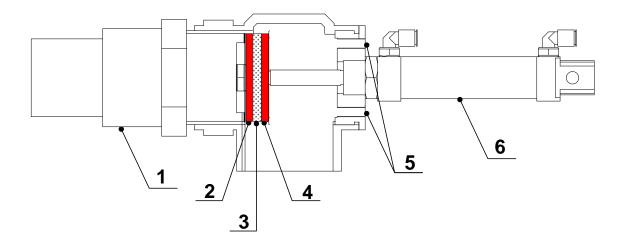
Possible faults:

- 1. A faulty seal or lack of seal leads to air entering via the door causing a weak vacuum.
- 2. Faulty or incorrectly adjusted magnetic sensor.
- 3. Loading alarm appears on the controller when a) the bottom flap remains closed for 2 seconds after the vacuum cut off valve closes, b) after 4 consecutive loading alarms.

3.2.4 Vacuum Cut Off Valve

A vacuum cut off valve is installed on all hopper loaders intended for use with pellets. The role of the valve is to make the raw material drop out of the loader chamber faster after filling by stopping the vacuum and by the rapid intake of air into the chamber.

The vacuum cut off valve works as follows: when the valve is closed (idle state), the piston (6) is open and the fore seal (2) prevents the vacuum from passing into the loader chamber while the air vents (5) allow external air to enter the chamber. During loading the piston (6) closes and opens the valve to the vacuum (1) and the rear seal (4) seals the air vents (5). The role of the supporting disk (3) is to stiffen the seals. At the end of the loading cycle the piston moves forward and the front seal (2) again closes the vacuum and the seal (4) opens the air vents (5) thus allowing air at atmospheric pressure to quickly enter and fill the chamber.



3.3 Additions for Granulated Material Loaders

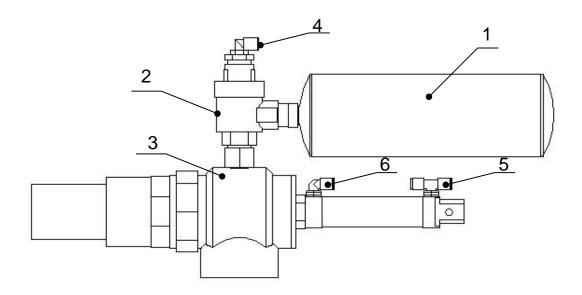
3.3.1 Automatic Cleaning Mechanism

The automatic cleaning mechanism is an optional addition for hopper loaders working with granulated materials. The mechanism operates automatically on each opening of the vacuum valve (3).

Principle of operation – when the loader is idle and the vacuum valve is closed the pressure in the chamber (1) rises. During the cleaning process the air is blown through the valve (2) via an air filter.

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It is possible to define whether cleaning takes place at the beginning or the end of the loading cycle by connecting the air supply pipe between the piston and the chamber (4) via the front (5) or rear (6) connection.



3.4 Powder Loaders

Loaders for powders work basically in the same way as loaders for granulated materials. The difference between them is the air filtering and the filter cleaning mechanism. All of the loaders designed to work with powders are fitted with cloth rather than grid filters. Loaders for powders are equipped with two pneumatic valves, a vacuum valve and a dedicated valve for automatic cleaning.

3.4.1 Powder Filters

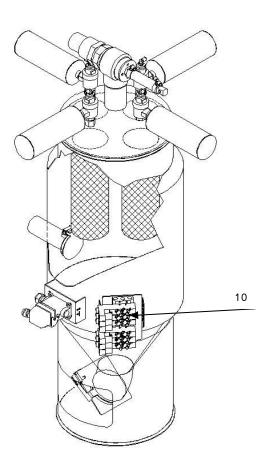
There are two types of powder filters:

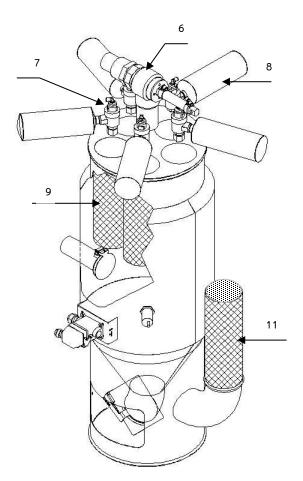
- 1. Single body filter for filtering particles no smaller than 0.1 mm (ground polyethylene).
- 2. 5 body filter for filtering particles no smaller than 5 microns (PVC powders).

3.4.2 Automatic Powder Filter Cleaning

The automatic cleaning mechanism operates every time the vacuum valve (6) closes and the material drops into the chamber. The cleaning is carried out while the material drops, by dedicated valves (10) which separately pressurize each of the blowback chambers (8). During cleaning the chambers blow the air out through a valve (7) into the filters (9) and clean them from dust. An overflow pipe (11) releases excess pressure.

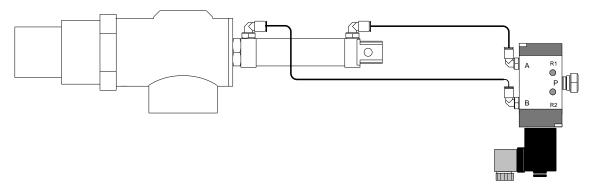
The cleaning process can be carried out several times in succession. There must be at least a 5 seconds interval between each cleaning in order for the blowback chambers to recharge.



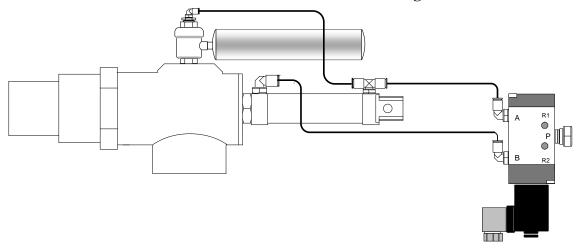


3.5 Pneumatic Drawings of Hopper Loaders

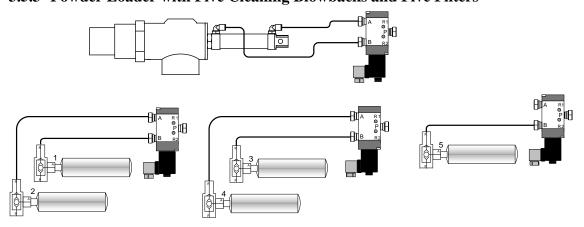
3.5.1 Granulated Material Loader



3.5.2 Granulated Material Loader with Automatic Cleaning Mechanism



3.5.3 Powder Loader with Five Cleaning Blowbacks and Five Filters



4. Central Vacuum Systems Filters

The filter is designed to protect the vacuum pump from penetration of dust and particles that pass through the granulated material filters. The powder filters are situated on the inlet pipe leading to the vacuum pump. There are two types of filters: automatic filters whereby cleaning takes place without the need for dismantling and static filters whereby which have to be dismantled for cleaning.

4.1 Automatic Filters

The structure of the automatic filters allows cleaning the filter element without dismantling it. The cleaning takes place by the building up vacuum in the chamber and its rapid discharge. A cloth filter situated at the bottom of the chamber collects the dust. The filtering system has three dedicated pneumatic valves for automatically cleaning the filter.

It is important to install the filter in the immediate proximity of the vacuum pump and to ensure that the connecting vacuum pipe between the vacuum pump and the filter is as short as possible. It is also important that the filter is situated in a position that provides easy cleaning and maintenance.

4.1.1 Principle of Operation of Automatic filters

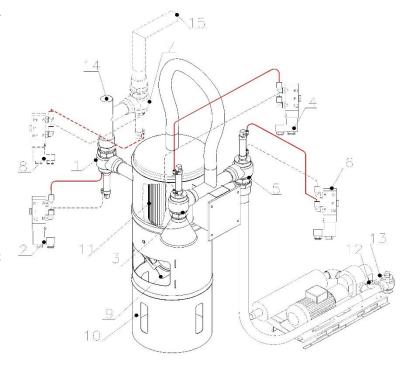
Working State – air is sucked into the vacuum pump via the vacuum cut off valve (1) and via the filter (11), the vacuum created in the chamber closes the bottom flap (9) and the loader starts working via the vacuum line (14).

Cleaning – starts after every 30 minutes of operation, the vacuum cut off valve (1) closes and at the same time the air valve (3) pulses open and closed every second. This causes a sudden flow of air from the air valve through the filter center (11) thus shaking the filter element and accumulated dust drops out through the lower door (9) into the collecting bag (10).

Waiting State occurs when the system waits for a vacuum signal. In this state the motor works economically without any load. Valves 3 and 5 are open enabling the air stream to cool the pump down.

Resting State – the motor is turned off, the vacuum cut off valve is closed, the lower door is open and dust freely falls into the bag.

Backup System allows one pump to serve additional hopper loaders on a separate vacuum line. The backup occurs under the following conditions: a. the pump switch is turned off b. residual current device has tripped c. one pump is turned off and the other vacuum lines are not over loaded. During backup the valve (2) commands the vacuum cut off valve (1) to close, valve (8) operates the backup valve (7). In this

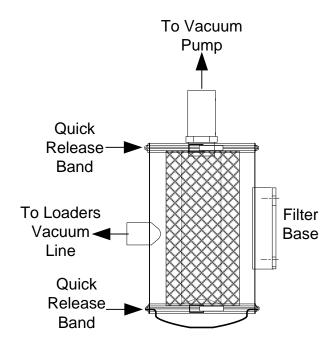


state the loading is carried out directly between the backup line (15) and the vacuum line (14).

System	Vacuum Li	ne Blocked	Air V	Valve	Pump l	Blocked	Pump
State	Valve (1)	Valve (2)	Valve (3)	Valve (4)	Valve (5)	Valve (6)	
Working	Open	Not	Closed	Not	Open	Not	Working
	_	Operating		Operating		Operating	_
Cleaning	Closed	Operating	О	perating in on	e second puls	ses	Working
Waiting	Open	Not	Open	Operated	Open	Not	Working
	_	Operating				Operating	_
Resting	Closed	Operating	Closed	Not	Open	Not	Stopped
				Operating		Operating	

4.2 Static Filter

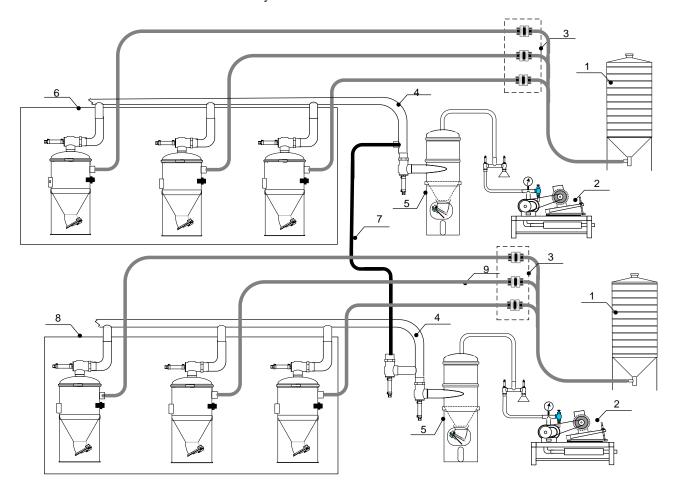
The static filter is designed for use in small systems. The structure of the filter enables the filter element to be easily dismantled for cleaning. For ease of maintenance it is important to install the filter in an easily accessible position.



5. Raw Material Conveying Systems

The conveying system is designed to convey raw material from the silos to the dosing system or process line via a vacuum pump. Each vacuum pump can serve up to 32 hopper loaders one at a time. If more than one loader requires filling simultaneously, the controller places the loader in a queue. When the leader reaches the head of the queue the controller starts the loading cycle and signals the vacuum cut off valve to move to the "loading" position. When the controller completes the loader's loading cycle it moves on to the next hopper loader waiting in the queue and so on and so forth. If there are no loading requests the vacuum pump goes into "waiting" state and after a further 3 minutes without vacuum requests the vacuum pump goes into "resting" state.

The following diagram shows two independent raw material conveying systems whereby: 1 - Silo, 2 - Vacuum Pump, 3 - Feeding Manifold, 4 - Vacuum Pipe, 5 - Automatic Filter, 6+8 - Groups of Hopper Loaders, 7 - Back Up line between pumps (hot back up) allowing one vacuum pump to serve additional loaders on the other line if necessary.



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5.1 The Pump Power Supply

Pump power supply cabinet is supplied according to specifications with control over a single pump to up to four pumps.

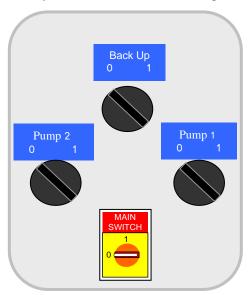
The operation switches include: **Main Switch** for turning off the electricity supply during maintenance of the electrical cabinet or pumps.

Pump Switches (turn each pump on/off). The pump will not turn off immediately, it will turn off when the current loading cycle finishes.

The operating status lamps indicate the pump status: **Lamp on** – pump is in waiting state, **Flashing slowly** – loading, **Rapid flashing** – pump fault (O.L), **Off** – system off.

The Back Up switch is designed to operate the vacuum pumps back up line, the status lamp indicates:

Flashing slowly – backing up, **Off** – system disconnected – no back up.

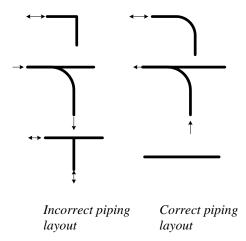


5.2 Principles of Conveying Pipelines

The time taken to load the loader depends on the efficiency of the material flow in the pipelines. Every curve in the pipe causes friction between the material and the pipeline walls and thus reduces the flow rate and the system efficiency. Every branch in the pipelines leads to some of the material stopping completely and greatly reduces the material flow rate.

Incorrect construction of pipelines causes a waste of time and energy.

It is recommended to minimize curves in the pipelines, to use pipes with the same radius without narrow passageways and use arcs with the largest possible radius.



6. Troubleshooting

6.1 Loader Troubleshooting

6.1.1 Load Cycle Doesn't Start

- 1. Check On/Off switch and that the plug is firmly plugged into the loader.
- 2. Check air pressure (6-8 bar, 85-115 psi).
- 3. Check the led in the pneumatic valve. If the led is on and the air pressure is correct, the pneumatic valve is malfunctioning and should be replaced.
- 4. Check the magnetic switch on the bottom flap.

6.1.2 Load Cycle Doesn't Stop According to "Full" Prox. Switch

- 1. Check power supply to the proximity switch.
- 2. Adjust the sensitivity of the proximity switch.

6.1.3 Load Cycle Doesn't Stop

- 1. Check air pressure (6-8 bar, 85-115 psi).
- 2. If the vacuum valve doesn't close, check the pneumatic cylinder and the fore seal.
- 3. If the cycle keeps restarting check that the magnetic switch works correctly. If it doesn't work correctly (i.e. the switch is ON when the flap is open), check the integrity of the switch arm fitting.

6.1.4 Loading is Weak

- 1. Check that the loader's filter is clean.
- 2. Check that the vacuum valve fully opens.
- 3. Check the seal on the bottom flap. There might be some pellets stuck there which prevent the bottom flap from closing properly.
- 4. Check that there is sufficient vacuum in the vacuum line (200-500mBar).
- Check that the material line doesn't have any leaks or holes in the middle. Pellets might tear flex tubes.
- 6. In the case of shared material lines, check the non-return flaps of the other loaders using the line. If one non-return flap is malfunctioning, all the other loaders that use that line will suffer and the loader whose non-return flap is malfunctioning will work OK.

6.2 Filter Troubleshooting

6.2.1 Loading on Vacuum Line

- 1. Check correct air pressure on air pressure gauge.
- 2. Check integrity of filter element.
- 3. In automatic filters check integrity of the bottom flap and seal.
- 4. In automatic filters check integrity of the operator valve and air pressure.

6.2.2 Automatic Filter Not Cleaning Correctly

- 1. Check air pressure (6-8 bar, 85-115 psi).
- 2. Check integrity of all pneumatic valves, manually check correct operation.
- 3. Check integrity of all valves. Check integrity of seals and that the valve opens fully.

6.3 Bottom Flap Troubleshooting and Maintenance

- A faulty or missing seal lead to air intake via the bottom flap thus weakening the vacuum.
- Faulty or badly tuned magnetic sensor.
- The controller displays vacuum alarms when: a. the bottom flap remains closed for two seconds after the vacuum cut off valve closes the vacuum. b. after four consecutive loading faults.

6.3.1 Proximity Sensor Troubleshooting

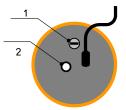
A faulty or badly adjusted sensor will cause the system problems. An under-sensitive sensor will not detect material in the hopper loader. In this case the controller will load for a pre-determined period of time; the default time is 30 seconds.

In the case of an over-sensitive sensor, the sensor constantly senses material and the system will stop working within 10 seconds.

Proximity sensor maintenance should be carried out periodically or whenever the loading is not working properly. Adjust the sensor sensitivity according to the type of sensor fitted on the loader as follows:

- 1. Orange colored sensors, manufactured by Effector, whereby the LED indicator (2) is ON when the sensor DOES NOT sense material.
 - Stop the loader and wait for it to empty.
 - Remove the cap at the rear of the sensor (this cap looks like a screw, but it only hides the real screw).
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CW until the LED indicator (1) is OFF.
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CCW slowly until the LED indicator (1) is ON.
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CCW a further half a turn.
 - Verify that the LED indicator is turned OFF when the loader is full.
- Yellow colored sensors (manufactured by Carlo Gavazzi) or black and silver colored sensors (manufactured by Brumberg), whereby the LED indicator (2) is ON when the sensor SENSES material.
 - Stop the loader and wait for it to empty.
 - Remove the cap at the rear of the sensor (this cap looks like a screw, but it only hides the real screw).
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CW until the LED indicator (1) is ON.
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CCW slowly until the LED indicator (1) is OFF.
 - Turn the sensitivity screw (2) CCW a further half a turn.
 - Verify that the LED indicator is turned ON when the loader is full.

To replace the proximity sensor or to remove any dirt built up on the sensor head, open the hopper loader by releasing the upper clamp and removing the cover. The proximity sensor will now be accessible.



7. Preventive Maintenance

When a vacuum receiver is working in a sub-optimal way, it may still manage to supply material to the process machine. For example, if the "Loader Full" proximity switch is not working, the load cycle will take more time than necessary. If such problems are not dealt with in time, they accumulate until the central loading system can no longer satisfy the demand of all the machines. At this stage it is difficult to spot the problem, since there are several problems that have accumulated.

The solution for this problem is to conduct preventive maintenance checks on the conveying system on a regular basis. The following sections describe the checks for vacuum receivers and filters. In addition, preventive maintenance must be carried out for the pumps and for central filters, according to the manufacturer's instructions.

7.1 Loader maintenance

7.1.1 Granule Loader Maintenance

- Check the integrity of the clamp and the seal of the cap. They may be damaged due to improper closing.
- Check the air system. Watch for leaks in the air fittings and the pneumatic valve.
- For loaders with a blow-back mechanism the blow on an empty loader should "kick" the bottom flap.
- Open the cap, check the integrity and cleanliness of the grid filter.
- Check the integrity of the flap on the material inlet and the seal on the flap.
- Check "Loader Full" proximity switch. Hot material loaded from dryers might melt the proximity switch.
- Check integrity of the bottom flap and the seal.

7.1.2 Powder Loader Maintenance

- Check the integrity of the clamp and the seal of the cap. They may be damaged due to improper closing.
- Check the air system. Watch for leaks in the air fittings and the pneumatic valve.
- Check the cleaning system the blow should be heard.
- Open the cap; check the integrity and cleanliness of the cloth filter.
- Check the integrity of the flap on the material inlet and the seal on the flap.
- Check "Loader Full" proximity switch. Hot material loaded from dryers might melt the proximity switch.
- Check integrity of the bottom flap and the seal.

7.2 Filter Maintenance

7.2.1 Automatic Filter Maintenance

Weekly:

- Empty the dust chamber situated on the bottom of the filter.
- Open the filter cover and check the whether the filter element is clean and intact. Clean the filter element if necessary.
- Check the air pressure.
- Check the integrity of the bottom flap and seal.
- Check the integrity of cover clamp and seal.

Every 3 months:

- Open the filter cover; remove and check filter element integrity. Verify that there are no holes. It is possible to identify holes by shining a light on the filter element.
- Check the air pressure.
- Verify correct operation of the cleaning valves.

7.2.2 Static Filter Maintenance

Weekly:

- Open the filter cover and check the integrity of the filter element, remove the dust and clean as necessary.
- Check the integrity of the cover clamp and seal.

Every 3 months:

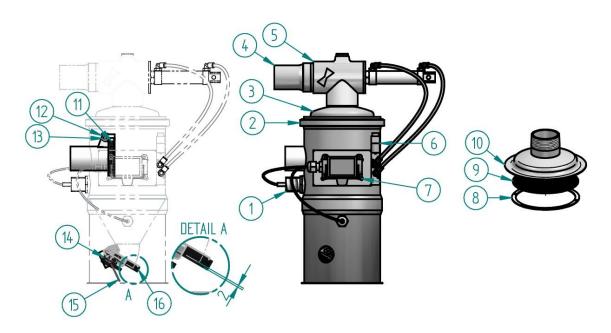
• Open the filter cover; remove and check filter element integrity. Verify that there are no holes. It is possible to identify holes by shining a light on the filter element.

Recommended maintenance periods will vary with different materials.

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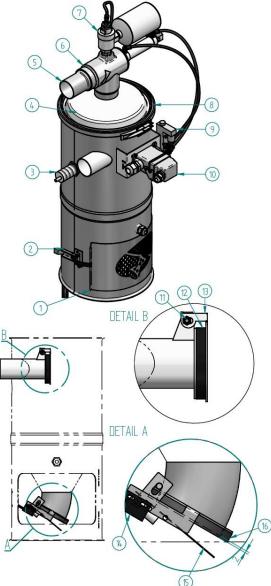
8. Part Lists

8.1 Part List for \$160



No.	Part No.	Part Description
1.	E1	30mm prox. sensor, NPN/NE/NF/24VDE
2	M2-3	S160 Band clamp with silicon seal
3	M-M130-1010	S160 hopper loader lid assembly (without vacuum valve)
4	M19-1001A	2" Union with 50.8mm /2" SST tube
5	M-A105-1	2" vacuum breaker valve
6	P101	Solenoid valve 24V DC 5x2 1/8" (MVSC-180-4E1) (2017)
7	E30-1	Six pin Plug
8	40	160mm screen filter flange bracket
9	M126-101	Screen filter cartridge for \$160
10	A-M130-1	Hopper Loader Lid for \$160
11	M101-50	EPDM gasket 50mm for check valve
12	M-A11	Non-return check valve flap for hopper loader:
13	M-A-M11-6-32M5	Set of 6mm shoulder screw with SLM5 nut
14	E2	Reed switch, NO, 24VDC
15	M-A12-50	Discharge flap for S160 Hopper Loader (50mm)
16	M101-50	EPDM gasket 50mm for check valve

8.2 Part List for S230



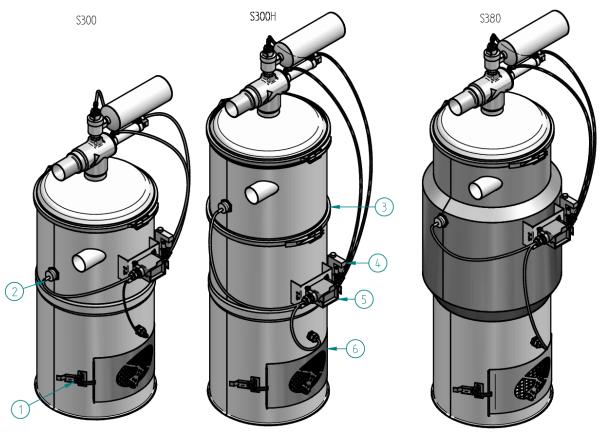




No.	Part No.	Part Descripion
1	M-A192-2A	Service door
2	M400	Latch 6701
3	E1	30mm prox. sensor, NPN/NE/NF/24VDE
4	M-M130-1001	S230 hopper loader lid assembled + filter
4-1	M-A-M130	S230 Lid only
4-2	M126-102	S230 screen filter
4-3	40-2	S230 screen filter flange bracket
5	M19-1001A	2" Union with 50.8mm /2" SST tube
6	M-A105-1	2" vacuum breaker valve
7	M-A107-1	Blowback unit assembly type S
8	M2-2	S230 Band clamp with silicon seal
9	P101	Solenoid valve 24V DC 5x2 1/8" (MVSC-180-4E1) (2017)
10	E30-1	Six pin Plug
11	M-A-M11-6-32M5	Set of 6mm shoulder screw with SLM5 nut
12	M101-50	EPDM gasket 50mm, use MD-GLUE 150/Loctite 4:01
13	M-A11	Non-return check valve flap 50mm/2" for hopper loader
14	E2	Reed switch, NO, 24VDC
15	M-A12-76	Flap for S230 Hopper Loader (76mm)
16	M-M101-76	Discharge EPDM seal for S230
17	A106-001	Blowback Valve assembly
18	A106-100	Blowback canister 76x100

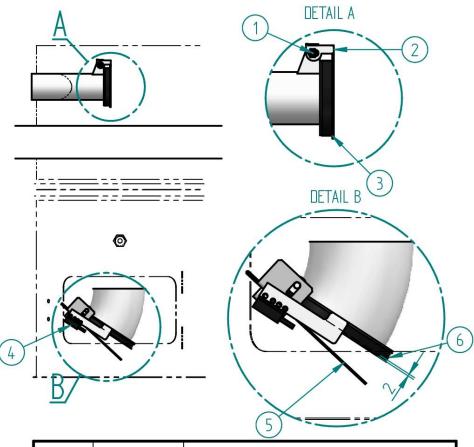
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8.3 Part List for \$300



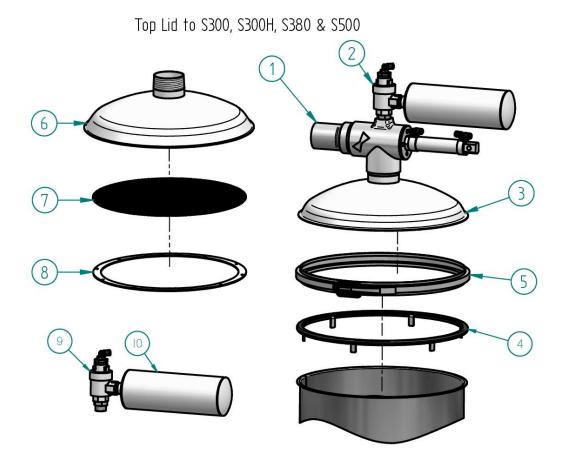
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M400	Latch 6701
2	E1	30mm prox sensor, NPN/NE/NF/24VDE
3	M2-1	S300 Band clamp with seal
4	P101	Solenoid valve 24V DC 5x2 1/8" (MVSC-180-4E1) (2017)
5	E30-1	Six pin Plug
6	M-A192-2A	Service door

S300, S300H, S380 Non-return check valve flap & Discharge flap



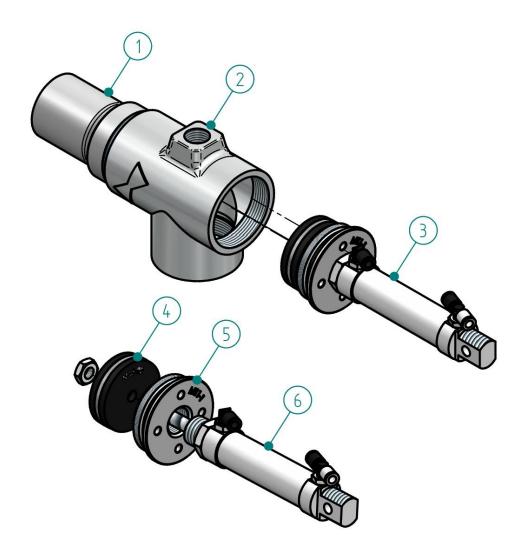
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M-A-M11-6-32M5	Set of 6mm shoulder screw with SLM5 nut
2		Non-return check valve flap for hopper loader:
	M-A11	Non-return check valve flap 50mm/2"
	M-A11-60	Non-return check valve flap 63/60mm /2.5"
	M-A11-76	Non-return check valve flap 76mm/3"
3		EPDM gasket:
	M101-50	EPDM gasket 50mm for check valve
	M101-60	EPDM gasket 60/63mm for 2.5" check valve flap
	M101-76	EPDM gasket 76mm/3" check valve / S230 Discharge flap
4	E2	Reed switch, NO, 24VDC
5	M-A12-100	Discharge Flap for S300, S300H & S380 (100 mm)
6	M-M101-100	Discharge EPDM seal 100mm, S300 series /Automatic filter

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No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M19-1001A	2" Union with 50.8mm /2" SST tube
2	M-A107	Blowback unit assembly
3	M-M130-1020	S300/380/S500 Hopper Loader Lid (without vacuum breaker)
4	M-A793-320	320 Gasket Kit
•	M105-2-320	U type seal for 320mm clamp
*	793–320	320 seal support
5	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
6	M-A7-5	Hopper Loader Lid for \$300/\$300H/\$380/\$500
7	M-M126-103	320mm screen filter
8	40-4	320mm screen filter flange bracket
9	A106-001	Blowback Valve assembly
10	A106-200	Blowback canister 76x200

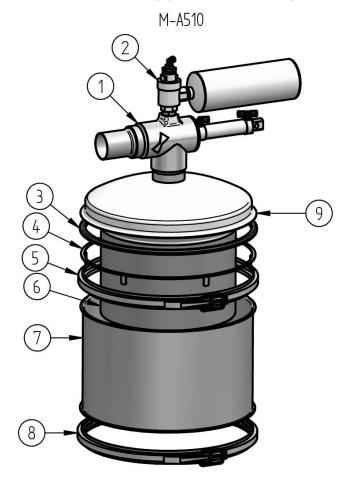
Vacuum Valve A105-1



No.	Part No.	Part Descripion
1	M19-1001A	2" Union with 50.8mm /2" SST tube
2	M10A	50mm/2" Vacuum valve housing (aluminum)
3	M-M11-101	50mm / 2" Vacuum Valve repair kit
4	M13-02	50mm/2" Vacuum Valve double side seal
5	M11-1	50mm / 2" Air cylinder seat for hopper loader vacuum valve
6	P10	Air cylinder ISO 25x50

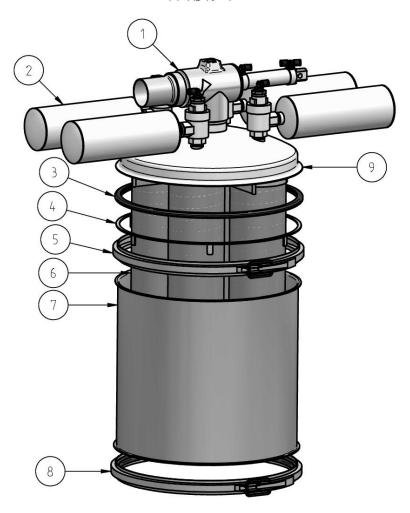
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No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M-A105-1	2" vacuum breaker valve
2	M-A107	Blowback unit assembly
3	M105-2-320	U type seal for 320mm clamp
4	793-320	320 seal support
5	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
6	M126-4	S300/S300H/S380 sock filter for dusty material D=255/H=195
7	A505-16B	Hopper Extension 16 liter/4.2 gallon,320x200 for 2 clamps
8	M2-1	S300 Band clamp with seal
9	M-A510-1-LID	Hopper loader top lid for "Light" powder single filter



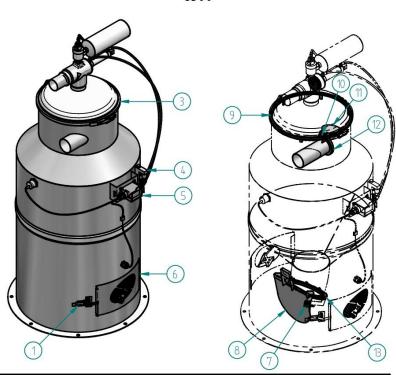


No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M-A105-1	2" vacuum breaker valve
2	M-A107	Blowback unit assembly
3	M105-2-320	U type seal for 320mm clamp
4	793-320	320 seal support
5	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
6	M126-100X300	Powder sock cartridge 1 out of 4 for S300/S380 D=100/H=300
7	A505-24B	Hopper Extension 24 liter/6.3 gallon,320x300 for 2 clamps
8	M2-1	S300 Band clamp with seal
9	M-A510-4-LID	Lid 320 for 4 cartridges

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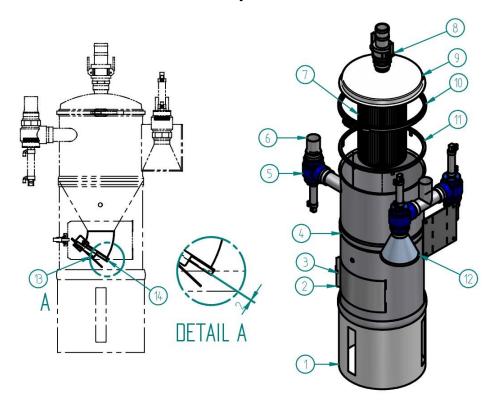
8.5 Part List for \$500





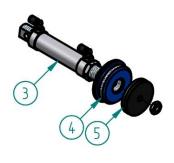
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M400	Latch 6701
2	E1	30mm prox. sensor, NPN/NE/NF/24VDC
3	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
4	P101	Solenoid valve 24V DC 5x2 1/8" (MVSC-180-4E1) (2017)
5	E30-1	Six pin Plug
6	M-A192-2A	Service door
7	E2	Reed switch, NO, 24VDC
8	M-A12-150	Discharge Flap 150 mm
9	M-A793-320	320 Gasket Kit
10	M-A-M11-6-32M5	Set of 6mm shoulder screw with SLM5 nut
11	M-A11-60	Non-return check valve flap 63/60mm /2.5"
11	M-A11-76	Non-return check valve flap 76mm/3"
12	M101-60	EPDM gasket 60/63mm for 2.5" check valve flap
12	M101-76	EPDM gasket 76mm/3" check valve / S230 Discharge flap
13	M-M101-150	Discharge EPDM seal 150mm

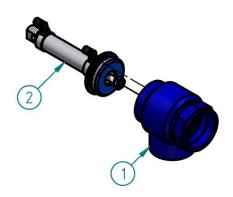
8.6 Part List for Vacuum Pump Automatic Filter



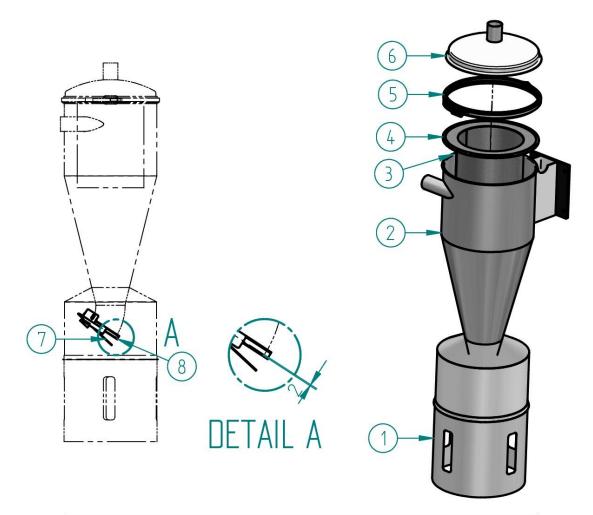
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M126-10	Dust collecting filter for automatic filter
2	192-2	Standard service door
3	M400	Latch – over center clamp spring lock 6701
4	M-B650-1000	Automatic filter assembly — Body only
5	M-A105	2" Vacuum valve for vacuum pump
6	M19-1001A	2" Union with 50.8mm /2" SST tube
7	M126	Filter cartridge PI33765 & PA2369
8	M30-E200	Material Connector 2" "Oman" Female type C
9	M-M130-1021	Automatic Filter lid (assembly without filter)
10	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
11	M-A793-320	320 Gasket Kit
12	M-A501-2	Vacuum pump cooling filter
13	M-A12-100A	Discharge flap for Automatic Filter and cyclone (100mm)
14	M-M101-100	Discharge EPDM seal 100mm, S300 series /Automatic filter

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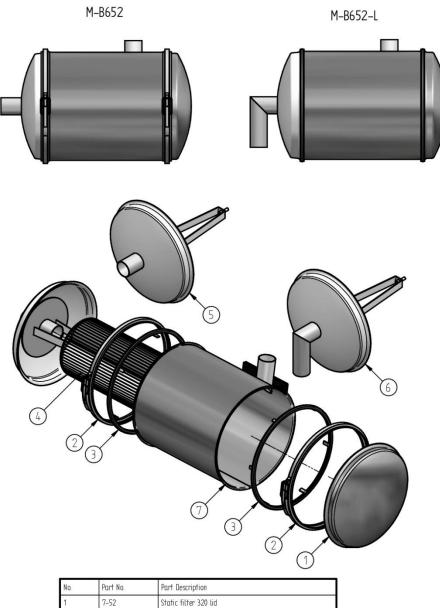
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M10	Valve body for vacuum pump / Auto. Filter vacuum valve
2	M-M11-102	Vacuum pump Valve Inner Kit
3	P10	Air cylinder ISO 25x50
4	M11	Air cylinder seat for vacuum pump/Auto. Filter v
5	M13-01	50mm / 2" vacuum valve seal support



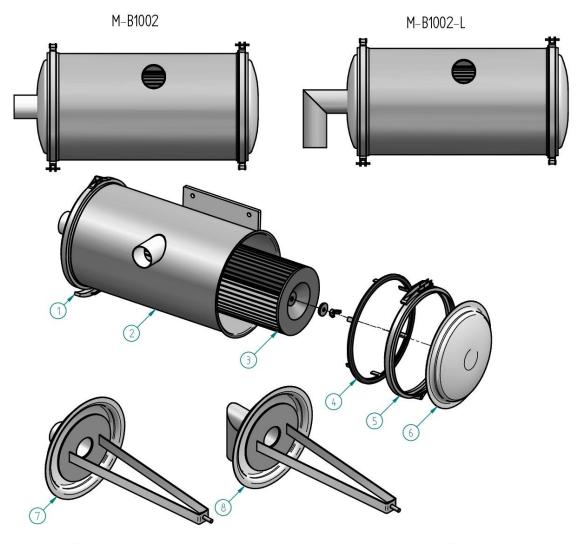
No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M126-10	Dust collecting filter for automatic filter
2	M-B651-1010	Cyclone 320 main body only
3	M-B651-1001	Cyclone 320 inner separators (without seal)
4	M105-2-320	U type seal for 320mm clamp
5	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
6	M130-1022	Cyclone 320 lid
7	M-A12-100A	Discharge flap for Automatic Filter and cyclone (100mm)
8	M101-100	Discharge EPDM seal 100mm, S300 series /Automatic filter

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8.7 Part List for Static Filter



Na	Part No.	Part Description
1	7-52	Static filter 320 lid
2	M2-1A	S300 Band clamp without seal
3	M-A793-320	320 Gasket Kit
•	M105-2-320	U type seal for 320mm clamp
	793-320	320 seal support
4	M126	Filter cartridge P133765 & PA2369
5	M-M130-1021A	Static Filter 320 lid filter side (without filter)
6	M-M130-1021AL	Static Filter 320 lid, filter side with elbow outlet
7	M-B652-1000	Static filter 320 housing



No.	Part No.	Part Description
1	M2-2	S230 Band clamp with silicon seal
2	M-B1002-1000	Static filter 230 housing
3	M126-2	Static filter element PI181059
4	M-A793-230	S230 Gasket Kit for cover stripped band
	793–230	230 seal support
	M105-2-230	U type seal for 230mm hopper
5	M2-2A	S230 Band clamp without seal
6	M130-2	Static filter lid
7	M-A-M130-1001A	Static Filter 230 lid, filter side with straight outlet
8	M-A-M130-1001L	Static Filter 230 lid, filter side with elbow outlet

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9. Electrical Diagram of 6 Pin Reinforced Plug

